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FICHA TÉCNICA	SPECIFICATION SHEET	FICHE TECNIQUE	SPEZIFIERUNGSBETTUC
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Novopeldaño[®] 1p

h: 8, 10, 12^{,5}, 15, 25 mm

a: 35 mm

Length: 250 cm

Material: Aluminium + PVC (With protector film)





NOVOPELDAÑO[®] 1p

Novopeldaño® profiles are the ideal to get a perfect stair nosing finish off with any kind of pavement.

Novopeldaño[®] 1p consist in a nonslip footprint (thanks to stretch of its surface) of PVC and a solid base of Aluminium. The piece of PVC is perfectly assembled in the base, although its design allows exchanging it easily.

It is available in several colours.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ALUMINIUM

- Aluminium is, after iron, the metal more used in the world, and, very regularly, used in modern construction too, as it has many technical advantages.
- Aluminium used corresponds to the alloy 6063, according to the European Aluminium Association (Numerical designation L-3441/38-337, according to Spanish Standard UNE 38-301-89).
- Aluminium protects itself forming quickly a thin surface layer of aluminium oxide (Al_2O_3) when it to come into contact with the air. This layer is waterproof and stops

It is protected by a protective film to ensure their best appearance and functionality once the installation ends.

It placement is very easy. The octagonal holes in the fixation wings allows the mortar, cement, glue or any adherence material to go through the profile in order to ensure an optimal installation and a long life.

the process of oxidation, which provides durability and medium corrosion resistance. This layer can dissolve with citric acid forming aluminium citrate.

- It is a light material, flexible and very resistant material. Its specific mass is 2,70 g/cm3
- Fire resistance classification as A1 according to the current standard UNE EN 143501-1:2007. This classification corresponds to the class as MO according to NBE-CPI-96 (in accordance with the UNE 23727:1990), previous standard corresponding to non-combustible а material against the thermal action.



PVC

PVC used in Novopeldaño[®] 1 is flexible PVC.

- Is ductile and tough.
- It has a great dimensional stability and minimal water absorption <0'1%

FICHA TÉCNICA

- Is recyclable by several methods
- Has an high resistance to abrasion.
- Operating temperature: -10 to 60 ° C.
- Flexible PVC has a 50 Shore A toughness, a high resilience and a strong elastic limit that give it suitable properties for impacts and vibrations absorption.
- It is difficult that PVC catches fire and when it does, the flame gets extinguished by itself when separated of the test tube. The fire resistant coefficient of the set is M2 according to NBE-CPI-96 classification, which means it's moderately flammable.

FIRE REACTION CLASSIFICATION of Novopeldaño[®] 1

The behaviour toward fire is classified as **M2**, in accordance with the NBE-CPI-96 classification, corresponding to a moderately flammable material.

CHEMICAL AGENTS RESISTANCE TESTS

Our PVC profiles has been tested by the Plastical Technologique Institute AIMPLAS to determine the PVC's resistance to different chemical agents.

PLACEMENT

- 1. Read carefully the instructions labeled on the profile.
- 2. Extend abundant material grip on the stair pan where we will place the profile. Put the pavement in the riser.
- 3. Then, align the profile on the step's vertex, resting on the riser, not to leave the profile without support. Push the profile to ensure the perfect fixing, making sure that the material grip pass through the die, for that purpose.
- 4. Then put the pavement on the wing fixing.
- 5. Clean carefully in order to take off any glue or material grip.

The results confirm that the PVC used resists to many chemical agents. Howewer, it's necessary to take some precautions with products like chromic acid, nitric or sulfuric an organic solvent like acetate, ethyl, acetone, toluene because the aspect its aspect could be negatively deteriorated.



2

SPECIFICATION SHEET

FICHE TECNIQUE

CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE RECOMMANDATIONS

Cleaning the profile just after its placement is essential to avoid some aspects losses. Indeed, corrosion could be produced by rests of mortar, cement or iron particles of tools.

Most of the cleaning products can be used with PVC thanks to its high resistance and chemical inertia.

For more information about products that can affect PVC, read the results table of the tests

Products to avoid

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The natural oxide layer formed on the aluminium to protect it form the corrosion, can be dissolved with citric acid. So products with citric acid have to be avoided.

Aluminium reacts as well when facing ions Cu+2 v CI- (the protection disappears and it becomes reactive).

Do not use curing accelerators with chloride. If you are about to manipulate aluminium profile, be sure that those accelerators do not have chlorite because it could lead to the material oxidation and so stains of corrosion. There are on the markets free chlorites solutions for this specific use.

TECHNICAL INFORMATION



You can find more information about the technical characteristics of material the the Novopeldaño[®] 1p is made of downloading its

specification sheet on www.emac.es

carried out by AIMPLAS the PVC's on specification sheet.

The correct use of bleach does no affect the PVC.

Exterior exposure of Aluminium can have a bad effect on its esthetical appearance. Its placement in marine or very aggressive environment is not recommended.

Do not use products that are abrasive or contain hydrochloric acid for cleaning. It is hardly non recommendable to use bleach or cleaning solution due to chloride presence.

Aluminium has amphoteric features. That means it can be dissolved in strong acids and (for example clorhidric acid (HCI) or acid percloric) strong bases (like caustic soda (NaOH), potash (KOH) or ammonia (NH_3) ; that is why their use is not recommended.

Aluminium can be affected as well by the contact solvents with containing halogen-alkenes (hydrofluoroethers (HFEs), chlorinated solvents (trichloroethylene), and so on.).

If you have any question, do not hesitate to contact the technical office: otecnica@emac.es.

